

ASTM- LEVEL III - NELSON LAB TEST



Sponsor:
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VIET NAM

Latex Particle Challenge Final Report

Test Article: Model Name: ECOM MED+
Model #ECOM06
Study Number: 1306484-S01
Study Received Date: 04 Jun 2020
Testing Facility: Nelson Laboratories, LLC
6280 S. Redwood Rd.
Salt Lake City, UT 84123 U.S.A.
Test Procedure(s): Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0005 Rev 07
Deviation(s): Quality Event (QE) Number(s): QE22125

Summary: This procedure was performed to evaluate the non-viable particle filtration efficiency (PFE) of the test article. Monodispersed polystyrene latex spheres (PSL) were nebulized (atomized), dried, and passed through the test article. The particles that passed through the test article were enumerated using a laser particle counter.

A one-minute count was performed, with the test article in the system. A one-minute control count was performed, without a test article in the system, before and after each test article and the counts were averaged. Control counts were performed to determine the average number of particles delivered to the test article. The filtration efficiency was calculated using the number of particles penetrating the test article compared to the average of the control values.

The procedure employed the basic particle filtration method described in ASTM F2299, with some exceptions; notably the procedure incorporated a non-neutralized challenge. In real use, particles carry a charge, thus this challenge represents a more natural state. The non-neutralized aerosol is also specified in the FDA guidance document on surgical face masks. All test method acceptance criteria were met. Testing was performed in compliance with US FDA good manufacturing practice (GMP) regulations 21 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 820.

Test Side: Inside
Area Tested: 91.5 cm²
Particle Size: 0.1 µm
Laboratory Conditions: 21°C, 25% relative humidity (RH) at 2224; 21°C, 25% RH at 2253
Average Filtration Efficiency: 99.80%
Standard Deviation: 0.055



McKenna Wild electronically approved for
Study Director

Curtis Gerow

14 Jul 2020 15:53 (+00:00)
Study Completion Date and Time

ASTM- LEVEL III - NELSON LAB TEST



Study Number 1308484-S01
Latex Particle Challenge Final Report

Deviation Details: Controls and sample counts were conducted for one minute instead of an average of three one minute counts. This change shortens the total test time for each sample but will still provide an accurate determination of the particle counts. An equilibrate is a dwell period where the challenge is being applied to the test article for a certain period of time before test article counts are counted. The equilibrate period was reduced from 2 minutes to a minimum of 30 seconds which is sufficient time to clear the system of any residual particles, and establish a state of stable equilibrium before sample counts are taken. Test method acceptance criteria were met, results are valid.

Results:

Test Article Number	Test Article Counts	Average Control Counts	Filtration Efficiency (%)
1	17	11,984	99.86
2	15	11,287	99.87
3	27	11,259	99.76
4	28	11,442	99.76
5	25	10,913	99.77

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Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) and Differential Pressure (Delta P) Final Report

Test Article: Model Name: ECOM MED+
Model #ECOM08
Study Number: 1308483-S01
Study Received Date: 04 Jun 2020
Testing Facility: Nelson Laboratories, LLC
6280 S. Redwood Rd.
Salt Lake City, UT 84123 U.S.A.
Test Procedure(s): Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0004 Rev 18
Deviation(s): None

Summary: The BFE test is performed to determine the filtration efficiency of test articles by comparing the bacterial control counts upstream of the test article to the bacterial counts downstream. A suspension of *Staphylococcus aureus* was aerosolized using a nebulizer and delivered to the test article at a constant flow rate and fixed air pressure. The challenge delivery was maintained at $1.7 - 3.0 \times 10^3$ colony forming units (CFU) with a mean particle size (MPS) of $3.0 \pm 0.3 \mu\text{m}$. The aerosols were drawn through a six-stage, viable particle, Andersen sampler for collection. This test method complies with ASTM F2101-19 and EN 14683:2019, Annex B.

The Delta P test is performed to determine the breathability of test articles by measuring the differential air pressure on either side of the test article using a manometer, at a constant flow rate. The Delta P test complies with EN 14683:2019, Annex C and ASTM F2100-19.

All test method acceptance criteria were met. Testing was performed in compliance with US FDA good manufacturing practice (GMP) regulations 21 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 820.

Test Side: Inside
BFE Test Area: $\sim 40 \text{ cm}^2$
BFE Flow Rate: 28.3 Liters per minute (L/min)
Delta P Flow Rate: 8 Liters per minute (L/min)
Conditioning Parameters: $85 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity (RH) and $21 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ for a minimum of 4 hours
Test Article Dimensions: $\sim 173 \text{ mm} \times \sim 155 \text{ mm}$
Positive Control Average: 2.2×10^3 CFU
Negative Monitor Count: <1 CFU
MPS: $2.8 \mu\text{m}$



McKenna Wild electronically approved for
Study Director

James Luskin

16 Jul 2020 19:52 (+00:00)
Study Completion Date and Time

ASTM- LEVEL III - NELSON LAB TEST



Study Number 1306483-S01
 Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE)
 and Differential Pressure (Delta P) Final Report

Results:

Test Article Number	Percent BFE (%)
1	>99.9
2	>99.9
3	>99.9
4	>99.9
5	>99.9

Test Article Number	Delta P (mm H ₂ O/cm ²)	Delta P (Pa/cm ²)
1	7.9	77.7
2	8.0	78.5
3	8.1	79.7
4	8.0	78.8
5	8.3	81.2

The filtration efficiency percentages were calculated using the following equation:

$$\% BFE = \frac{C - T}{C} \times 100$$

C = Positive control average

T = Plate count total recovered downstream of the test article

Note: The plate count total is available upon request